

Optimising NMR efficiency and automation

Ralph W. Adams

What is an NMR Lab for?

Routine analysis of samples

Non-routine analysis of samples

Methods development

Teaching

Somewhere to keep cool during the heat of the summer

What does an NMR Lab need?

NMR spectrometers

Users (customers)

Staff

What are their roles?

NMR spectrometers
Run experiments

Users (customers)

Come up with problems

Solve problems

Staff

Keep Users happy Keep NMR spectrometers happy Keep the accountants happy

Keeping NMR spectrometers happy

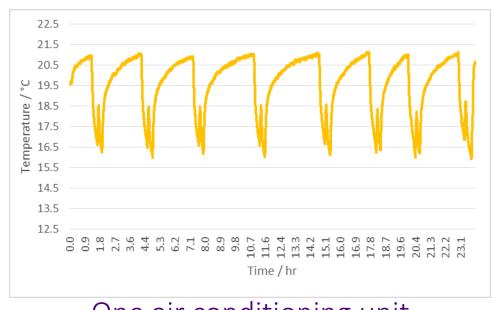
```
Magnet
       Full of cryogens
       Nicely vacuumed
       Vibration-free with stable air supply pressure
       Stable temperature
Console
       Cool
       No dust (nicely vacuumed*)
       Stable temperature and electrical supply
(Cold) probe
       Calibrated
       (Nicely vacuumed)
       (Cold)
```

^{*} Use compressed air to remove dust, not a vacuum cleaner

Keeping NMR spectrometers happy



Somewhere to keep cool during the heat of the summer



22.5 21.5 20.5 19.5 18.5 17.5 20.5 16.5 14.5 13.5 12.5 13.5 12.5 14.00 16.00 18.00 Time / Hr

One air conditioning unit

Two air conditioning units

Console cooling fan failure leads to spectrometer instability

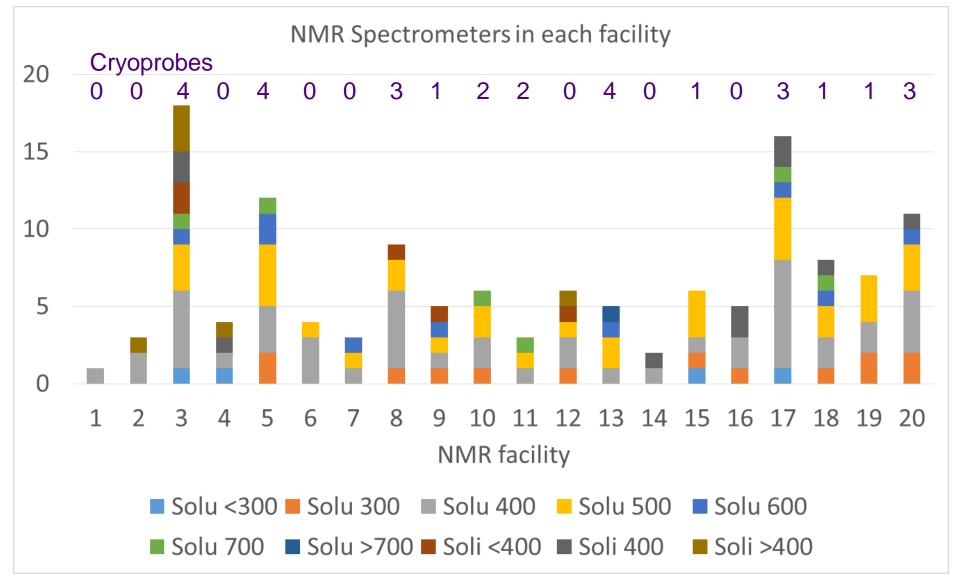
Keeping users happy

Users want

- ... good, appropriate and sufficient equipment
- ... good staff
- ... adequate training
- ... efficient use of equipment
- ... to know what's going on

Survey Results – Number of Instruments

What equipment do you have in your facility?



Keeping users happy

Fills, servicing and maintenance

He fills have to take priority. Evaporation makes it costly to keep a dewar hanging around, and fill/delivery may only be available at set times. Can do fills early to avoid busy periods

N₂ fills can be scheduled around points of peak usage

Maintenance should be done asap.

Servicing can be scheduled for quiet times and done in house

Preventative maintenance?

Survey Results – Facility operation

N₂ fills

10 labs All fills done on a single day

8 labs distributed over a week

2 labs distributed over 2 weeks

He fills

11 labs In house

9 labs outsourced

User logins

8 labs One for each user (incl. NMR kiosk/NOMAD)

6 labs One for each research group

6 labs One login

Keeping users happy

Users want

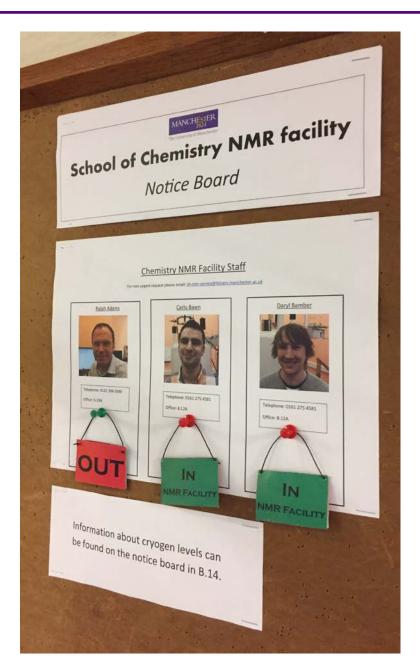
- ... good, appropriate and sufficient equipment
- ... good staff
- ... adequate training
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Keeping users happy

Staff attributes

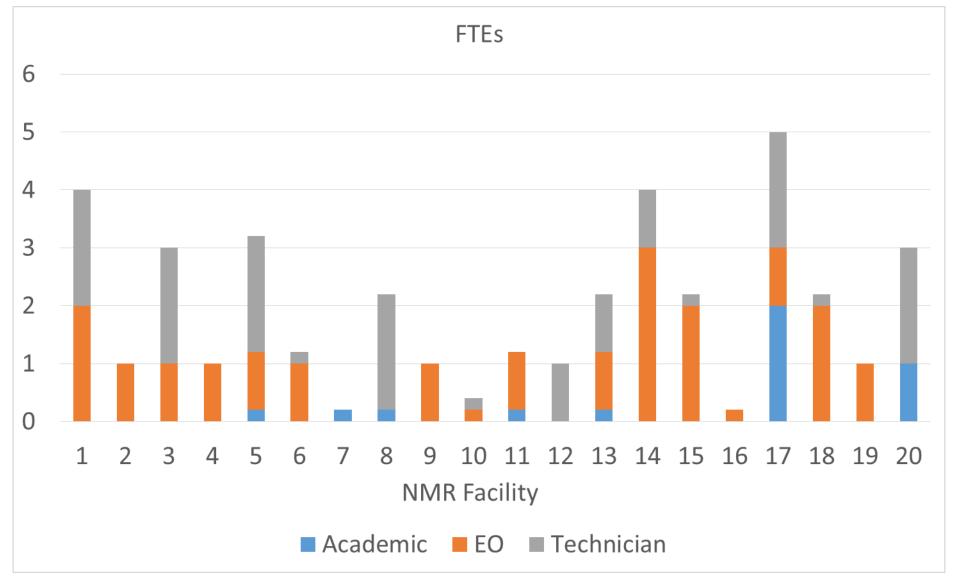
Approachable?
Friendly?
Helpful?
Available?
Responsive?
Skilful?
Knowledgeable?

Publications?



Survey Results – Number of Staff

How many people work in your facility?



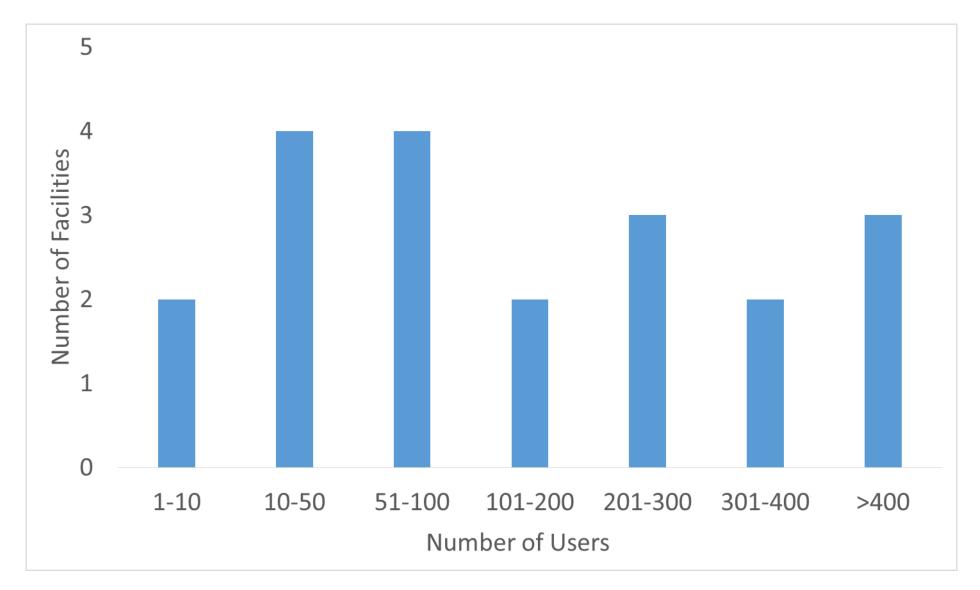
Keeping users happy

Users want

- ... good, appropriate and sufficient equipment
- ... good staff
- ... adequate training
- ... efficient use of equipment
- ... to know what's going on

Survey Results – Number of Users

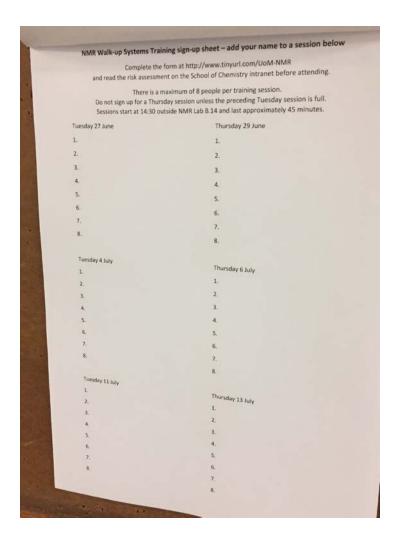
How many people use your NMR facility?



Adequate training

Sample preparation
Use of walk-up systems
Hands-on use of system
Health and safety
Rules and guidelines
Data processing
Interpretation

Training sessions
Standard operating procedures
Website
Operating manual
Lectures and Seminars
Books



Survey Results – What training is available to users?

Majority of labs:

Regular small group training for walk-up (45 mins -1 hr) 1:1 hands on training (2 hr -1 day)

Some labs:

Standard Operating Procedures
Competency exercises
NMR lecture course (2 day course every 2 years or 4 hours a week)

Performed by EO/technicians?

Risk assessments?

Survey Results – Facility operation

Third-party training

User courses

Online demos, webinars and walk-throughs

Processing Software

	ACD/Labs	Topspin	VnmrJ	Delta	Mestrenova	DOSY Toolbox
Individual	4	4	4	4	7	4
Facility		5			1	
Site	4	5			6	
Installed on Clusters		3			1	

nmr.chemistry.manchester.ac.uk

Keeping users happy

Users want

- ... good, appropriate and sufficient equipment
- ... good staff
- ... adequate training
- ... efficient use of equipment
- ... to know what's going on

Efficient use of spectrometer time

Distribute usage across all instruments

Use NUS (COSY, HSQC, HMBC), 25% or 50%?

Multiplicity edited HSQC vs DEPT135+HSQC

How quantitative does it really need to be?

Remove some experiments from low sensitivity instruments (e.g. ¹³C{¹H} from those that do not have cold probes)

Reduce overheads

Survey Results – ¹H experiment time

How long does it take to run a single scan ¹H spectrum (full cycle from loading the sample to loading the next sample - including load, lock, tune, experiment, and shim) on a CDCl₃ sample on your automated instruments?

Agilent 7620 2 min

Zymark 3 min

SampleXpress 3 – 5 min*

BACS-60 4-7 min

SampleXpress Lite 4 min

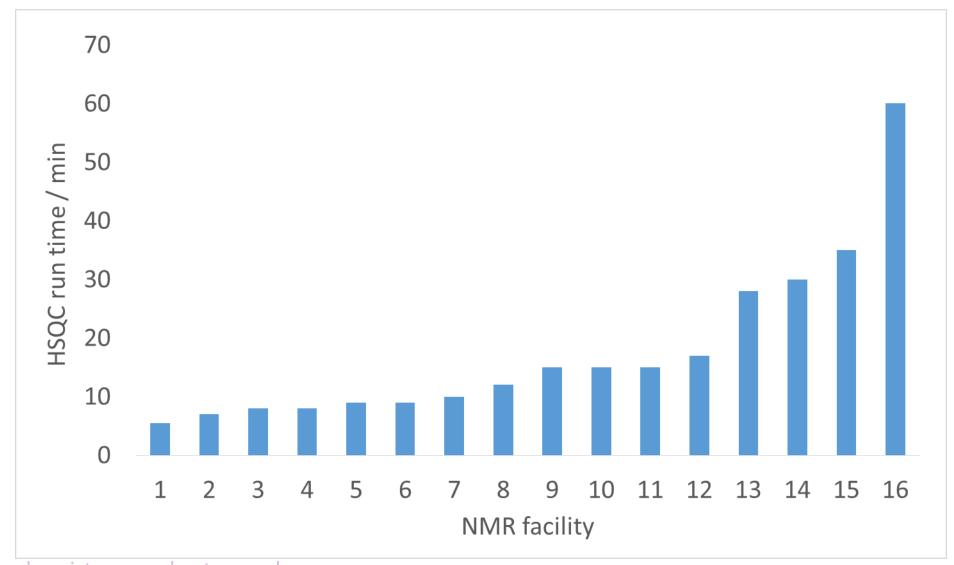
SampleCase 4 min

Jeol 6-10 min

SampleXpress on Fourier300 6 - 10 min

Survey Results – HSQC experiment time

How long does it take to run the default ¹H-¹³C HSQC on your automated instruments?



Survey Results – Facility operation

NUS

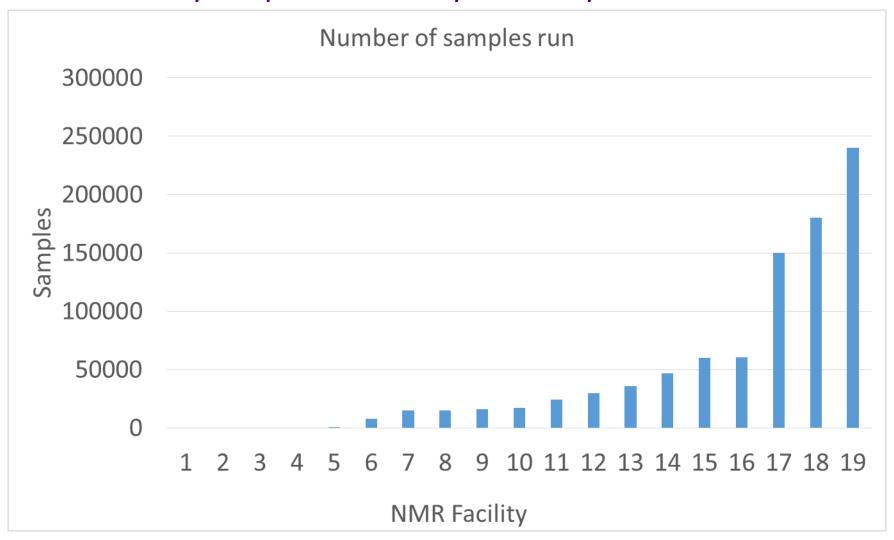
11 labs No

5 labs Occasionally

4 labs Yes, in all/most places it can be used

Survey Results – Facility information

How many samples are run in your facility?



Survey Results – Facility operation

Data Distribution

9 labs IT services data server

14 labs Local data server

8 labs Email copies of spectra

4 labs Email raw data

4 labs Paper copies

1 lab USB

Survey Results – Facility operation

Variable temperature experiments

8 labs VT done in automation where possible All labs allow manual VT

Night Queues

Start times range range from 16:30 to 22:00

End times range from 08:00 to 09:30

Keeping users happy

Users want

- ... good, appropriate and sufficient equipment
- ... good staff
- ... adequate training
- ... efficient use of equipment
- ... to know what's going on

Signage

... for health and safety compliance

... to be completely ignored?



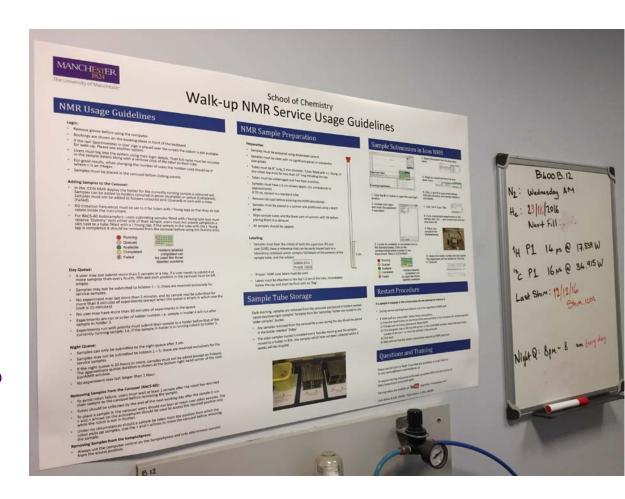
Posters

... to provide useful information

... to explain usage rules

... to make the facility less drab

... to be completely ignored?

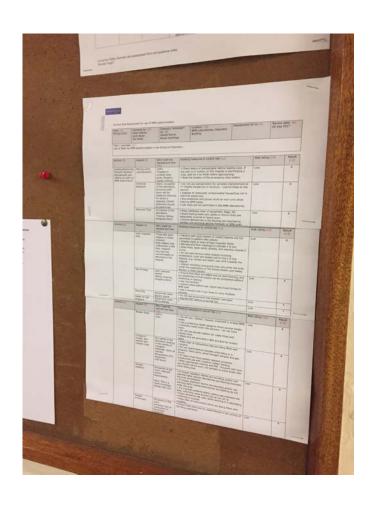


Notice board

... to provide useful information (in real time)

... to display risk assessments and SOPs for emergencies

... to be somewhat ignored?



Single NMR facility /service email address

... so that there is always someone available to answer straight away

Biannual users' meetings

... so that there is a forum to raise issues and make changes to the operating rules

... with a representative from each research group

Websites

- ... for general information
- ... for instrument booking
- ... to make service requests and submit queries
- ... to get real-time status information about the walk-up facility

email list

- ... for formal communication with entire user-base
- ... to warn and update users about instrument maintenance and failures

Twitter

... to add status information to the display screen

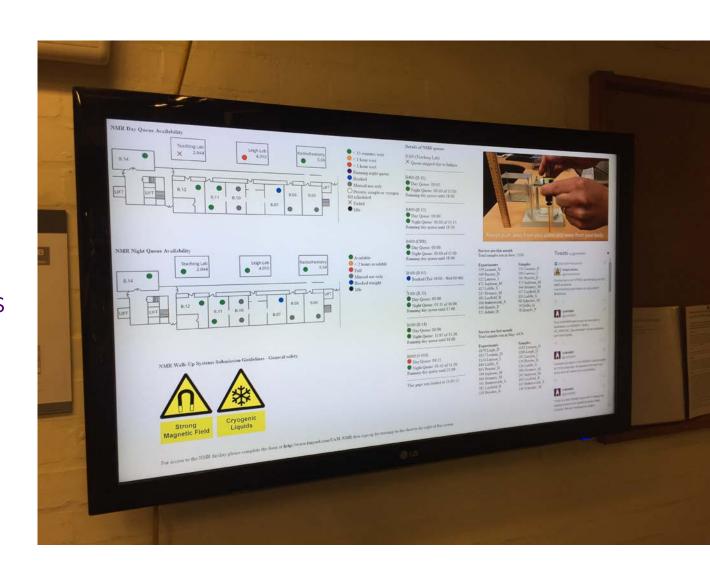
Display screen

... to provide useful information (in real time)

... to show usage statistic

... to show training videos

... to be rarely ignored



Survey Results – Facility operation

Left over tubes each year

4 labs < 10

6 labs 11 - 100

3 labs 101 - 300

3 labs 301 - 1000

2 labs > 1000

Survey Results – Facility operation

Rules

13 labs Rigorous enforcement

7 labs Not strongly enforced

3 labs Not enforced

Typical sanctions

Talk to/email supervisor

1 week ban for minor infractions

Delete peoples experiments/remove samples

Additional charges for repair costs / lost time

Talk to them / tell them off

1-3 month ban for serious cases

"Unfortunately not allowed to maim the users, but access may be restricted to working hours or in serious cases banned for 1-3 months."

Workshop on Pure Shift NMR

12th September, 2017 • School of Chemistry, University of Manchester

Preliminary Programme

Introduction and historical background - *Gareth Morris*

Interferogram and real-time acquisition - *Peter Kiraly*

Zangger-Sterk and band-selective methods - Laura Castañar

----- Lunch and poster session -----

PSYCHE - Mohammadali Foroozandeh

Related methods - *Ralph Adams*

Practical implementation – *Mathias Nilsson*

Question and Answer session







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